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How BEA Aligns and Augments Source Data From the U.S. Treasury Department for Inclusion in the International Transactions Accounts

As with all of the U.S. economic accounts produced by BEA, the estimates of financial-account flows in the international transactions accounts (ITA's) are built up from source data collected elsewhere—in this case by the U.S. Department of Treasury. Presentation of the adjustments undertaken by BEA to align and augment these data for inclusion in the financial account can help data users to have a clearer picture of what the financial-account flow estimates represent.

This note introduces three new tables that show the relationship between BEA's estimates of financial-account flows included in the ITA's and source data from the Treasury International Capital (TIC) Reporting System. These tables will be presented annually in the July issue of the Survey of Current Business, and they will be available in downloadable form on the BEA Web site.

Table 1 shows the relationship between ITA and TIC estimates of transactions in foreign long-term securities; in U.S. long-term securities, excluding U.S. Treasury securities; and in U.S. Treasury securities. Table 2 shows the relationship between ITA and TIC estimates of claims on and liabilities to foreigners as reported by U.S. non-banking concerns. Table 3 shows the relationship between ITA and TIC estimates of claims on and liabilities to foreigners as reported by U.S. banks.

These tables identify the numerous adjustments that BEA makes to the TIC source data in order to align the data with balance of payments concepts and to close gaps in coverage. The footnotes to the tables provide added detail on the nature of these BEA adjustments. The remainder of this note provides examples of both types of adjustments, with reference to selected line items in table 1.

Aligning with balance of payments concepts. Line A1 of table 1 shows gross U.S. purchases of foreign stocks and bonds as reported on TIC forms. These amounts

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represent the cost of purchases plus commissions paid by the U.S. purchasers. For ITA purposes, BEA treats payments of commissions to foreigners as payments for financial services, which are included in the current account, and not as purchases of securities, which are included in the financial account. Therefore, BEA reduces gross purchases as reported on the TIC forms by an estimated amount for payments of commissions (line A3).

Line A6 shows U.S. sales of foreign stocks and bonds as reported on TIC forms. These amounts represent the proceeds from sales less the commissions paid by U.S. sellers. Because BEA treats payments of commissions to foreign brokers as payments for financial services and not as transactions in securities, BEA increases the sales data as reported on the TIC forms by an estimated amount for payments of commissions (line A7).

Closing gaps in coverage. U.S. brokers and dealers are the primary respondents to the TIC survey on securities transactions. Therefore, transactions that bypass U.S. brokers and dealers are sometimes not fully captured in the TIC estimates. An example of this type of transaction is the acquisition of U.S. companies by foreigners who finance their purchases through exchanges of stock. If stock is exchanged, U.S. persons who previously held securities in an acquired U.S. company become shareholders in the acquiring foreign corporation. The receipt of shares in the acquiring foreign corporation should be recorded in the ITA's as the acquisition (purchase) of foreign long-term securities, assuming that no single U.S. person receives a 10 percent or more ownership interest in the foreign acquirer (in this latter case, the receipt of shares should be recorded in the direct investment equity capital account). Table 1, line A2, "security swap transactions and other coverage adjustments," shows BEA's adjustment to TIC source data in order to account for security swaps and other transactions in foreign longterm securities that may not be fully captured in the TIC reporting system.

Table 1. Relation of Transactions in Foreign Long-term Securities, U.S. Long-term Securities, excluding U.S. Treasury Securities, and U.S. Treasury Securities, in the U.S. International Transactions Accounts (ITA) to Treasury International Capital (TIC) Reporting System Data

[Millions of dollars]

Line		2000	2001	2002
	Foreign Long-term Securities (Credits +; decrease in U.S. assets. Debits -; increase in U.S. assets.)			
A1 2 3	Gross U.S. purchases of foreign stocks and bonds, TIC Plus: Security swap transactions and other coverage adjustments. Minus: Brokerage commissions.	2,778,259 107,780 567	2,577,377 73,917 569	2,610,521 21,171 537
4 5	Plus: Underwriting and private placement fees. Equals: Gross U.S. purchases of foreign stocks and bonds, ITA	1,271 2,886,743	647 2,651,372	583 2,631,738
6 7 8	Gross U.S. sales of foreign stocks and bonds, TIC Plus: Brokerage commissions Plus: Coverage adjustment for redemptions	2,761,117 565 3,153	2,557,766 557 8,412	2,637,298 537 9,704
9	Equals: Gross U.S. sales of foreign stocks and bonds, ITA	2,764,835	2,566,735	2,647,539
10 11	Net U.S. purchases (-) or net sales (+) of foreign stocks and bonds, TIC (A6 – A1)	-17,142 -104,766	-19,611 -65,026	26,777 -10,976
12	Net U.S. purchases (-) or net sales (+) of foreign long-term securities, ITA (A9 – A5) (table 1, line 52)	-121,908	-84,637	15,801
	U.S. Long-term Securities, Excluding U.S. Treasury Securities (Credits +: increase in U.S. liabilities. Debits -: decrease in U.S. liabilities.)			
B1 2 3 4	Gross foreign purchases of other U.S. long-term securities, TIC. Plus: Security swap transactions and other coverage adjustments. Minus: Brokerage commissions	4,813,582 21,342 1,669 1,154	4,994,022 7,442 1,636 762	5,752,732 6,628 1,935 290
5	Equals: Gross foreign purchases of other U.S. long-term securities, ITA	4,834,409	5,000,590	5,757,715
6 7 8 9	Gross foreign sales of other U.S. long-term securities, TIC	4,301,722 1,526 31,807 4,335,055	4,491,688 1,491 74,132 4,567,311	5,325,512 1,823 104,903 5,432,238
10 11	Net foreign purchases (+) or net sales (-) of other U.S. long-term securities, TIC (B1 – B6)	511,860 -12,506	502,334 -69,055	427,220 -101,743
12 13 14 15	Net foreign purchases (+) or net sales (-) of other U.S. long-term securities, ITA (B5 – B9) (table 1, line 59 + 62 + 66)	499,354 40,909 3,127 455,318	433,279 20,920 5,726 406,633	325,477 30,377 3,608 291,492
	U.S. Treasury Securities			
	(Credits +; increase in U.S. liabilities. Debits –; decrease in U.S. liabilities.)	0.070.544		
C1 2 3	Gross foreign purchases of U.S. Treasury marketable bonds and notes, TIC	3,870,511 278 3,870,233	5,267,730 389 5,267,341	7,376,751 545 7,376,206
4	Gross foreign sales of U.S. Treasury marketable bonds and notes, TIC	3,924,543	5,249,216	7,255,053
5 6	Plus: Brokerage commissions	279 24,000	390 24,000	545 24,000
7 8	Equals: Gross foreign sales of U.S. Treasury marketable bonds and notes, ITA. Net foreign purchases (+) or net sales (-) of U.S. Treasury marketable bonds and notes, TIC (C1 - C4)	3,948,822 -54.032	5,273,606	7,279,598 121.698
9	Plus: Coverage adjustments (-C2 - (C5 + C6))	-54,032 -24,557	18,514 -24,779	-25,090
10	Net foreign purchases (+) or net sales (-) of U.S. Treasury marketable bonds and notes, ITA (C3 - C7)	-78,589	-6,265	96,608
11 12	Plus: Non-marketable bonds and notes	-763 -7,830	–1,938 11,510	–643 43,396
13 14 15	Net foreign purchases (+) or net sales (-) of U.S. Treasury securities, ITA (C10 + C11+ C12) (table 1, line 58 + line 65) U.S. Treasury securities, foreign official assets (table 1, line 58) U.S. Treasury securities, other foreign assets (table 1, line 65)	-87,182 -10,233 -76,949	3,307 10,745 –7,438	139,361 43,144 96,217
	computed from TIC quarterend position data			

^{1.} Computed from TIC quarterend position data.

Table 2. Relation of Claims on and Liabilities to Unaffiliated Foreigners Reported by U.S. Nonbanking Concerns in the International Transactions Accounts (ITA) to Treasury International Capital (TIC) Reporting System Data

[Millions of dollars]

Line		2000	2001	2002
	Claims (Credits +; decrease in U.S. assets. Debits -; increase in U.S. assets.)			
A1 2 3	Total claims outstanding, beginning of year, TIC Total claims outstanding, end of year, TIC Change in claims, TIC (A1 – A2).	76,669 90,157 -13,488 6,748 -4,355 -126,326 12,127	90,157 113,155 –22,998	113,155 102,398 10,757
4 5 6 7	Minus: Valuation adjustments including unrealized exchange rate gain or loss and other adjustments ¹ Plus: Financial intermediaries' accounts ² Plus: Supplemental source data ³ Plus: Other coverage adjustments ⁴		5,776 14,968 -7,704 16,513	-13,301 -1,937 -59,261 5,260
8	Equals: Claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns, ITA (A3 – A4 + A5 + A6 + A7) (table 1, line 53)	-138,790	-4,997	-31,880
	Liabilities (Credits +; increase in U.S. liabilities. Debits -; decrease in U.S. liabilities.)			
B1 2 3	Total liabilities outstanding, beginning of year, TIC Total liabilities outstanding, end of year, TIC Change in liabilities, TIC (B2 – B1)	53,044 73,904 20,860	73,904 66,718 -7,186	66,718 67,304 586
4 5 6 7	Minus: Valuation adjustments including unrealized exchange rate gain or loss and other adjustments ¹	-1,492 43,683 104,902 -265	-2,137 -27,624 89,061 11,101	6,179 6,954 56,795 13,986
8	Equals: Liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns, ITA (B3 – B4 + B5 + B6 + B7) (table 1, line 68)	170,672	67,489	72,142

Table 3. Relation of Claims on and Liabilities to Foreigners Reported by U.S. Banks in the International Transactions Accounts (ITA) to Treasury International Capital (TIC) Reporting System Data

[Millions of dollars]

			2224	
Line		2000	2001	2002
	Claims			
	(Credits +; decrease in U.S. assets. Debits -; increase in U.S. assets.)			
	Total claims outstanding, beginning of year, TIC Total claims outstanding, end of year, TIC Change in claims, TIC (A1 – A2).	1,033,128 1,176,786 –143,658	1,176,786 1,350,682 –173,896	1,350,682 1,386,448 -35,766
4 5	Minus: Valuation adjustments including unrealized exchange rate gain or loss and other adjustments ¹	-15,207 -20,206	-24,115 14,836	-10,548 3,861
6	Equals: Claims on foreigners reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere, ITA (A3 – A4 + A5) (table 1, line 54)	-148,657	-134,945	-21,357
	Liabilities			
	(Credits +; increase in U.S. liabilities. Debits →; decrease in U.S. liabilities.)			
B1 2 3	Total liabilities outstanding, beginning of year, TIC Total liabilities outstanding, end of year, TIC Change in liabilities, TIC (B2 – B1)	1,527,622 1,621,972 94,350	1,621,972 1,717,241 95,269	1,717,241 1,899,058 181,817
4 5	Minus: Valuation adjustments including unrealized exchange rate gain or loss and other adjustments ¹ Plus: Coverage adjustments including short-term U.S. Treasury obligations and other adjustments ³	3,420 31,787	19,239 12,371	9,879 –63,218
6 7 8	Equals: Liabilities to foreigners reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere, ITA (B3 – B4 + B5) (table 1, lines 61 + 69)	122,717 5,746 116,971	88,401 -29,978 118,379	108,720 17,594 91,126

^{1.} Includes adjustments for breaks in series and, in line A4, claims on foreigners written off by U.S. reporters. 2. Includes adjustments for supplemental transactions in foreign commercial paper and other instruments.

Includes only unrealized gains or losses on foreign-currency-denominated assets and liabilities; there were no breaks in series in 2000, 2001, or 2002.
 Financial intermediaries accounts represent transactions between firms in a direct investment relationship (that is, between U.S. parents and their foreign affiliates or between U.S. affiliates and their foreign parent groups), where both the U.S. and foreign firms are classified in a finance industry, but they are not banks.

^{3.} Includes supplemental transactions from the Bank of England, the Bank for International Settlements, and the Federal Reserve Board.
4. Includes supplemental insurance transactions and adjustments to avoid double counting U.S. claims on foreigners.
5. Includes supplemental futures trading transactions and adjustments to avoid double counting U.S. liabilities to foreigners.

^{3.} Includes adjustments for transactions that are included in other international transactions accounts, including transactions in short-term U.S Treasury obligations and in other liabilities held in custody by U.S. reporters.